





Department of Lands, Sydney, 26th February, 1869.  
In reply to the provisions of the Act 4th William IV., No. 10, relating to the Parish Roads mentioned in the annexed Executive Council, has been pleased to confirm the said Roads, referred to, according to the Plans and Books of Plans intended to claim compensation in respect of the said Roads, within forty days from the date hereof, and they will be for ever foreclosed from such claim.

REFERRED TO.

date of Previous notice of intended opening of Road.	Loc. &c., lodged at the Police Office at—	REMARKS.
10th October, 1868	Dubbo.	To be opened in lieu of portion of road from Wellington to Dubbo, confirmed by Gazette notice of 23rd July, 1867.
do ditto	Grenfell	This road to be opened in lieu of portion of the line from Young to Forbes, confirmed by Gazette notice of 20th April, 1868.
1st October, 1868	Central Police Office, Sydney.	To be opened in lieu of a portion of the road confirmed by the GOVERNMENT GAZETTE notice of 1st December, 1864, folio 2752.
1st May, 1867	Water Police Office, Sydney.	.....
1st October, 1868	Police Office, Walcha and Bend-moer.	Confirmed where the road passes through alienated lands.
do ditto	Gundagai	.....
1st October, 1865	Wollombi	.....
1st September, 1868	Nowra	.....

Department of Lands, Sydney, 26th February, 1861.  
Governor, with the advice of the Executive Council:  
Parish Roads and Streets mentioned in the Schedule  
through which they pass. NOTICE is hereby given  
V, No. 11, Plans and Books of Reference, showing the  
situated at the Office of the Surveyor-General in Sydney  
all-grounded objections that may exist to the formation  
to the Clerk of the Executive Council, within one  
By his Excellency's command

REFERRED TO.

Names of reputed Owners through whose Properties the Road passes.	Police Office, at which the Plan and Book of Reference has been lodged.
Morrow..... Klamath.	
Connell and W. R. Watt Cowan and Grinnell	

Young, Morehead and New, astle.  
Crown Lands  
Stephen Foyle, representative New, astle.  
of the late James Mit-  
tells; the Waratah Coal  
Company; and James and  
Alexander Brown.  
and received for a road.... Oboren.

fred M'Farland..... Windsor.  
Anthony Blekinsop..... Barms.  
Broughs of Randwick and Water Police Office, Sydney.  
Waverley.

.....Water Police Office, Sydney  
.....Grafton.  
.....Central Police Office, Sydney  
.....Central Police Office, Sydney

**HAMILTON AND JONES**  
STOCK AND STATION AGENTS,  
WOOLBROKERS, AUCTIONEERS,  
AND CATTLE SALESMEN.  
WOOL STORES—Circular Quay.  
SALE YARDS—Victoria Yards, Petersham.  
OFFICES—Bell's-chambers, Pitt-street, Sydney.

**THOMAS DAWSON**  
(Office address), 434, George-street, Sydney.  
Stock, Station, and General Commission Agent, Auc-  
tioneer of Fat Stock conducted at Homebush and Sydney.  
Paddocks provided free.  
N. B.—Sales held in any part of the country, as hereto-  
fore.

**HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, &c.**—The highest  
price given for the above.  
H. D. COCKBURN, Auctioneer, Pitt-street.

**WOOL, SHEEPSKINS, TALLOW, HIDES, &c.**  
The undersigned continue to receive wool, sheep-  
skins, tallow, hides, &c., for SALE, or shipment, and will  
make liberal allowances thereon.

**IRWIN and TURNER, 171, Pitt-street.**

**TO GROWERS AND SHIPPERS OF WOOL.**

**IRWIN and TURNER** continue to make liberal  
advances on wool, &c., and offer unusual facilities to ship-  
pers desirous of consigning to their London agents. Special  
attention having been paid to this branch of the business  
for several years, every arrangement has been made for  
securing lowest rates and better charges. Shippers  
will avoid many heavy expenses by transacting their  
business through the above firm.

HOUSE AND ESTATE AGENCY  
HERWIN and TURNER negotiate Sales of Land and  
Immoveable Property, either by Private Contract or Public  
Auction. Management of City Estates undertaken.  
Bell's chambers, 171, Pitt-street.

O T T O M A N  
BANK AUCTION ROOMS,  
George-street,  
The above Rooms are open for the SALE of Furniture  
and other by Public Auction or Private Sale.  
Sales conducted at the Rooms and at private residences.  
ADVANCES made on every description of property  
purchased, no extra charge.  
Every facility will be given, and accounts rendered im-  
mediately after the sale.  
The Rooms possess superior advantages and accommo-

in displaying furniture, &c., intended for sale.  
JOHN G. COHEN, Auctioneer.

**R. GOLDSBROUGH, BURT, and CO.**  
30, Hunter-street, Sydney.  
Bourke and William streets, Melbourne.  
**WOOL BROKERS.**  
Live Stock and Station Agents, Sheep and Cattle  
Salemen.

Liberal advances on wool for sale or shipment, also on  
stock for sale in Sydney, Melbourne, Sandhurst, &  
Alarst.

Nature of Works and Supplies.	Date to which Tenders can be received at the Office.
Erection of Bridge at Wellington.	
Erection of Court and Watchhouse, Bellerenger River.	
Contract 1-69 Great Western Road, between City Boundary and Cross Roads.	
GREAT SOUTHERN ROAD, -3rd DISTRICT, 3rd DIVISION.	
1-69 Fish River to Gunning Hill.	11 o'clock on on Tuesday
1-69 Pinchgrove Hill to Metal at 4-66	

1-69.

Repairs of Buckets of Dredge Hunter.  
Repairs to Denbemer Bridge.  
Erection of Passenger Station, Goods  
Warehouse, &c., Bowenfels.  
Additions to Telegraph Station, Muswell-  
brook

**ROAD ALBURY TO COROWA.**  
1-69. 11 1/2 Miles West of Albury.

3-69 Wagga Wagga Southward.  
Cedar Pylon Creek Bridge, Wingham,  
near Manning River.  
Erection of Bridge over Cudgegong  
River, at Kyalero, Wentworth.  
Erection of Customs Office, Wentworth.  
JOHN SUTHERLAND.

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**A**USTRALASIAN INSURANCE COMPANY  
FIRE, LIFE, AND MARINE.  
Head Office—Collins-street, Melbourne.

The undersigned are prepared to issue Policies on every  
description of insurable interest, on lowest current terms  
and conditions.

The undersigned, having full powers to act for the abovesaid Company in this colony, are now prepared to receive proposals for Fire and Marine risks of every description. Policies will be issued promptly upon the most favorable terms, and all claims adjusted and settled in Sydney without delay.

GEORGE A. LLOYD and CO., Agents.

**NORWICH UNION FIRE OFFICE**  
Established 1821.  
Paid up Capital, £560,000.  
135, Pitt-street. Lowest rates on buildings.

**NATIONAL MARINE INSURANCE COMPANY**  
OF SOUTH AUSTRALIA.

**UNIVERSAL MARINE INSURANCE COMPANY (Limited).**  
 Chief Office—36, Cornhill, London.  
 Capital ————— One million  
 Paid-up ————— \$250,000.  
 W. H. MACKENZIE, *Secy. & Agent.*  
 96, Pitt-street, Sydney.

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**THE STANDARD LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY.**  
 SYDNEY OFFICE, 27½, GEORGE-STREET.

**LOCAL DIRECTORS:**  
 Richard Jones, Esq.      F. H. Dangar, Esq.  
 J. De V. Lamb, Esq.      Edward Flood, Esq.

**THE EUROPEAN ASSURANCE SOCIETY**  
FOR  
**LIFE ASSURANCE, and FIDELITY GUARANTEE**

**HEAD OFFICES.**  
316, REGENT-STREET, and 17, WATERLOO-PLACE,  
PAUL MALL, LONDON.

**CHAIRMAN:** General Sir Frederic Smith, K.H., F.R.S.  
THE ROYAL NAVAL, MILITARY, and EAST INDIA  
Life Departments, affording peculiar advantages to Officers  
and others in the Navy and Army, is under the especial  
patronage of

**HER MOST GRACIOUS MAJESTY THE QUEEN.**  
Annual Income—£363,000.

The European Assurance Society is specially constituted to grant Bonds or policies of indemnity to Bankers, Merchants, Public Companies, Municipal Corporations, and others, against losses occasioned by the dishonesty of the Employees.

Government and Bank officials are charged the lowest rates of Premiums.

**FREDK. J. JACKSON, Resident Secretary.**  
**AGENTS WANTED.**

**NEW ZEALAND FIRE AND MARINE INSURANCE COMPANY, LTD.** (Incorporated in New Zealand.)  
 Policies issued in Triplicate if required, and payable in London, or at either of the Company's Agencies.  
 Claims adjusted with the utmost promptitude.  
 EDWARD KEMP AND CO., Agents, 81 ruia Street, Auckland.  
 R. F. POCKLEY, Manager.

**NEW ZEALAND FIRE AND MARINE INSURANCE COMPANY, LTD.** E. Chapman and Co., Agents.

**THE CITY BANK.—NOTICE** is hereby given, that the Bank allows **INTEREST** on all deposits at the rate of 3 per cent. per annum, on the weekly or monthly balance at the credit of their current accounts.

By order of the Board.

**K** E R O S E N E O I L  
THE WESTERN KEROSENE OIL COMPANY  
(Limited), are prepared to supply their Illuminating Oil  
cases and casks. For particulars apply to  
JOHN MACDONALD Junr., Secretary,  
307, George-street.

**T**O BUILDERS, CONTRACTORS, AND FURNITURE  
DEALERS.—For SALE, by the undersigned, the celebrated "Vanika Oil," which is com-  
pared either with oil or spirits. It is superior to  
the market, and can be used for all purposes. It is of  
half-price of other first-class varnishes. A trial is solicited.

**R** FOR SALE, a few terrors of winter-saved SELF-BEATING BEECH-LOADERS, warranted to keep any length of time.  
JAMES BEATTIE  
**R** RIFLEY-COMPLAIN BEECH-LOADERS, with NEEDLE GUN, which opens the breech, withdraws and ejects the empty cartridge-case, and cocks the weapon simultaneously with one movement. The user is relieved of all manual labor, and the action of any beech-loader just invented.  
Also, the best and most reliable of just loaded  
F. LASSETTER and CO., 421, George-street.  
**H** AND COTTON GINS, Platt's make, now loaded  
ex Ramarang.  
F. LASSETTER and CO., 421, George-street, Sydney.

number twenty seven and the twenty-sixth and seventh sections of the Sheep Act of 1869 thirty five and thirty six are hereby amended to read as follows:

2. Subject to the exceptions and provisos hereinafter declared the provisions of the said Diseases in Sheep Act of 1866 shall be applied carried out and enforced in respect of sheep infected with anthrax or typhus or any such disease has been originally within the limits of the said Act and notwithstanding the occurrence or non occurrence of the said diseases in the said Act limiting the operation thereof to sheep infected with anthrax. Provided that the requirements of the said Act shall not be applied to sheep infected with anthrax or typhus or any such disease which shall not be extended to sheep infected with catarrh of the mouth and throat and pneumonia. And provided also that it shall not be necessary to destroy sheep so infected to destroy the wool and skin thereof.

**THE PREVENTION OF DISEASES IN CATTLE**

The following is the bill introduced into the Legislative Assembly by Mr. Forster to continue and amend the Cattle Disease Prevention Act :—

Whereas the Cattle Disease Prevention Act of 1896 has expired with the present session of Parliament and it is expedient to continue the said Act amended as hereinafter provided for further period of years; Be it enacted by the Queen's Most Excellent Majesty by and with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council and Legislative Assembly of New South Wales in Parliament assembled, that the said Act be continued in force with the amendments hereinafter made, until the 31st day of March 1902.

infected with Hinderpest Vascular Aphtha or Texas Fev-  
er quarantine subject to such conditions and requirements  
as to the disposal of all stall-sittings <sup>or</sup> ~~of~~ <sup>or</sup> ~~of~~ articles or  
other articles which have been used with or about such cattle  
animals as may be deemed necessary. And the provisions  
relating to the quarantine of imported sheep in the Dis-  
eases in Sheep Act of 1886 shall so far as applicable be  
incorporated with and be in force and operation <sup>in</sup> ~~with~~  
this Act, with such amendments as may be necessary.

4. This Act may be cited as the "Diseases in Cattle  
Continuation Act."

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**THE GOLD FIELDS.**

**EMU CREEK.** *The Mining Record of Saturday states*

machine, the result of which we shall give in our next report. One marked and acceptable feature in connection with the machine is the English and Scotch wash-drift, which enables the digger to trace it with accuracy and facility that there is little or no time lost in prospecting "wash" that is doubtful to pay. The ordinary claims between the Grenfell Road and the head of the river, which are 100 ft. wide, are 100 ft. long, and the others, whilst the others averaged 50 ft. Chance Gully. This name has been given to the ground we lately noted as having been discovered in the neighbourhood, which may be turned out to be a distinct lead, and is "payable" in the same way as the others. It is the only one of the six claims on gold gave the promising yield of 15 dwts. But as it approaches the junction of the river

whom, and at what time, were Mr. Henry H. Leland, Messrs. Samuel Lambert, Paul Frank, and William Stark, of Foley's Pelly (Northern diggings), for the year 1899 or 1900. Mr. FORSTER, in reply, said miners right to sign a petition to the Government for the Northern Gold fields, and on the 1st January last issued to ten persons named by major-sergeant Flynn.

**ST. PATRICK'S DAY.**

Mr. FARNELL asked the Colonial Secretary,—

Have the Government any intention in reference to proclaiming St. Patrick's Day a public holiday? 2. If it is what is that decision? 3.

Mr. ROBERTSON said the question of proclaiming St. Patrick's Day as a public holiday had not been under consideration.

ter would shortly be laid before Parliament. He was asked to inform the committee that the camels delivered their loading, and were then taken back to the port.

**WINESHIP BEFORE COMMITTEE.**  
On the motion of Mr. MATE, it was agreed that the Legislative Council be requested to give Sir William Macpherson authority to attend and give evidence before the committee appointed to inquire into the Diseases in the South Sea Islands.

**VOLUNTEER ENCAMPMENT.**  
Mr. WINDYER brought under the notice of the Government that a sum of money had been voted for the Government of Victoria, for the purpose of assisting the Government of Victoria to purchase land for the purpose of establishing a military encampment for the purpose of training the militia.

Mr. ROBERTSON was willing to give all the information he could on the subject. The hon. member had corrected some of the mistakes in the original statement, and the Government for the purposes of an encampment of Volunteers. The Colonel commanding applied for permission for the Volunteers to travel free by rail, and it was reported that that £200 additional would be required in connection with that. The hon. member (Mr. B. S. S.) thought it would have been wrong to accede to it without consulting the Cabinet or the House. Before it could be done, the Colonel commanding had ascertained that the Government would not be asked to contribute anything. Waddy, that he had refused the use of the tents belonging to the Imperial Government, and it was reported that

**Mr. ROBERTSON** laid on the table a return respecting the South Sea Islanders: a paper from the Secretary of the Destitute Children's Asylum, forwarding a list of children in the Asylum; and correspondence respecting charges by sergeant Hoesley against Mr. Nab.

Ordered that the documents be printed.

**IMPOUNDING ACT, 1865.**

**Mr. FARNELL** moved for leave to amend the Impounding Act of 1865.

Agreed to.

The Bill was subsequently brought in, read a first time, ordered to be printed, and the second reading fixed for the first day next.

**UNITED FIRE AND LIFE INSURANCE CO.**

of the Government reserving from alienation sufficient water frontage at Blue's Point, North Shore, for a public wharf, with a view of dedicating the same to the people. That such committee consist of the following members: Messrs. F. J. O'Brien, Chairman; J. J. O'Brien, J. J. Tighe, Mr. Graham, Mr. B. Stewart, Mr. Hill, Mr. Noe, Mr. S. Brown, and the mover." In March, 1896, his attention was called to an encroachment on the water front at Blue's Point; the encroachment being a few feet in width, and was made by Captain Norris. He wrote to the Secretary for Lands on the subject, and on the 18th of May he received a reply stating that the fence on the encroachment, and that means would be taken to procure the removal of it, and that the Government would make an official survey of the boundary of the district before the

petition to the Minister. A reconnaissance was sent to examine the ground and the petitioners were informed that the Council of the place was made up of 12 persons, 6 of whom were members of the Crown. The then Minister for Lands entertained different views regarding this matter to what (Mr. Tanke) considered right. But to give the petitioners an opportunity of being heard on the matter, the Minister called in the District and Local Officers for their opinion. The late Attorney-General gave it as his opinion that the Crown had not the power to deprive Captain Norrie of his wife's frontage by filling up in front of his house. Some of the petitioners were not satisfied with Elmer's report. He (Mr. Tanke) entirely dissented from that opinion; believed the Crown had such power. Since the matter was first taken in hand, the township in which this land is situated

nite information as to where the wharf was to be, and means at the disposal of the municipal authorities were such that they would not be able to solve for themselves the very difficult matter. I thought it was the duty of the Government to encourage municipalities, and to point out to them the various benefits that had been surveyed for roads. Seeing that no satisfactory arrangement could be made, I thought it was the duty of the master under the notice of the House, with the view of making some inquiry made, and believing it to be a subject for the House to deal with. It had been given in evidence by the Engineer-in-Chief for Harbours and Rivers, before the Committee, that he had refused any application of the same description as that which had been made by his (Mr. Tunk's) constituent.

could not help remembering that the hon. member was  
one of the ablest and strongest supporters of the late Govern-  
ment. If the hon. member had been in the House at the  
time, he would have been able to give the Government  
to get this matter set right, why did he continue to be  
absent? He presumed that if the present Government at-  
tained the same success with regard to this question  
as the late Government had done, his support would  
be calculated on receiving the hon. member's support.  
He did not think the hon. member had placed a fair  
interpretation upon the opinion of the late Attorney-  
General, Mr. Martin. He thought the statement of  
the late Attorney-General was not so far as the  
law was concerned, was not so far as the facts were  
concerned, was not in accordance with the honest  
statement of the late Attorney-General was of opinion, so far as

Dr. J. H. Campbell, President of the National Association of Manufacturers, said that the Government was not in a position to make a matter of grace and favour on the part of the Government. He believed that the intention of the Act was in such cases there should be some benefit to the public. He did not desire to infer that he considered a direct benefit should be shown in every case. He thought that he thought that there should be some kind of benefit, either to the public or to the public from the claimant. He thought that there should be some kind of benefit, either to the public or to the public from the claimant. He thought that there should be some kind of benefit, either to the public or to the public from the claimant.

bours and Rivers and the Surveyor-General. He found it necessary, however, to postpone these matters until the session should be over, because he himself had had some time to devote to the subject. He had many other things that had also been very closely employed in the same mission and other matters which had occupied their time, so that he could not permit of their performing this duty also. This was the only reason, which appeared to have any greater interest than most others, that he had a greater number who had taken an up represented district, and knew as much as anyone about the subject, he had no objection to an inquiry by a select committee of the House of Commons, and he was in a position to come to any definite report. They might think it best to leave the matter to be dealt with by

[illegible]

**MR. FORSTER** said that the Government had objection to the appointment of a select committee, as he thought it was one of those cases in which a select committee might be appointed with advantage to all parties. The matter had been dealt with by his predecessors before he had taken office.

**MR. WILSON** said that he had no objection to the appointment of the committee. He thought it was a case which would give the committee a good deal of trouble.

[illegible]

Municipalities Act Amendment Bill (No. 2). The circumstances which had induced him to bring forward this Bill in the House of Representatives were related by the North Shore petitioners to the Government as follows:—  
 "The petition was printed in the usual way, and there was opposition to the prayer. But when the proclamation was read, the City Council and the North Shore petitioners, whose boundaries did not include one-tenth part of the area which they had petitioned. They at once complained to the then Colonial Secretary, Mr. Cooper. Although the petition was a special petition, and the Government policy, the petitioners declined to accept aldermen and officers because the area included in the proclamation was not sufficient to sustain the burden which would be thrown upon them."

upon them. Although the establishment of the municipality was legalised by the second clause of the Act, its name was omitted in the third clause, and they were therefore deprived of the Government endowment from the common fund of the Act. The Municipal Act having legalised the formation of the municipality, a large number of buildings were erected upon it, and the persons incorporated in it themselves justified in proceeding to elect officers. But they did not do that until five years after the proclamation.























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